



WEDNESDAY EVENING, OCT. 1, 1902

FROM WASHINGTON.

(Correspondence of the Alexandria Gazette.)

A meeting of the cabinet was held at the temporary White House this morning for the purpose of further considering what measures may be taken by the administration or by the President personally to bring about a settlement of the coal strike. There were present Attorney General Knox, Secretary of War Root, Secretary of the Navy Moody and Postmaster General Payne. President Roosevelt is prepared to go to the extreme limit of his executive authority in the effort to avert the threatened fuel famine. As yet, however, he has been unable to discover any feasible plan for federal interference. The Attorney General has advised him that the government is unable to cope with the situation and the law under present conditions. The calling of an extra session of Congress has been suggested but such a measure is considered as inadvisable except as a last resort. In the meantime the President is quietly endeavoring to affect a compromise between the miners and the operators by means of moral suasion, acting in this matter solely in his personal capacity. It is believed that Secretary Root's visit to New York yesterday was in line with this policy and that he communicated the President's desires to the representatives of the operators.

Secretary Shaw was at his desk this morning and immediately began taking steps to put into operation the measures for the relief of the monetary situation which were decided upon by him in New York. Later in the day a circular will be issued informing all of the banks as to the details of his plan. This circular will be nearly a repetition of his published interviews in New York last week for the explanation of his policy. He has decided that in accepting other government bonds he will take nothing but State and municipal bonds. No securities of corporations will be accepted. He has also decided to appoint a commission consisting of the Treasurer of the U. S., Mr. Roberts, Comptroller of the currency, and two assistants, Secretary Ailes, to pass upon the bonds which are submitted. The prepayment of interest on government bonds up to next June began today and Assistant Secretary Ailes says that from present indications the prepayment on this account today and tomorrow will amount to between \$3,000,000 and \$5,000,000. He has made arrangements with the various subtreasurers to report the actual amount at 3 o'clock.

President Roosevelt has sent telegrams to the anthracite coal operators and John Mitchell, representing the miners, asking them to meet him here at 11 o'clock Friday morning for purposes of consultation. The decision to adopt this means of attempting to bring about a settlement of the strike was reached at this morning's cabinet meeting. The members of the cabinet were unanimous in their expression of opinion that the time was not opportune for making of threats of federal interference or new legislation. They were equally unanimous in supporting the President's plan of serving a settlement by summoning the operators and miners into consultation at the White House.

Bills for the new battleship Louisiana were opened in the office of the Secretary of the Navy at noon today as follows: William Cramp & Sons, Philadelphia, \$4,114,000, to be completed in 42 months; Newport News Ship Building Dry Dock Co., \$3,990,000, 41 months; Union Iron Works, San Francisco, \$4,150,000, 42 months; New York Ship Building Co., of Camden, New Jersey, \$4,040,000, 40 months; Fore River Ship Building Co., Quincy, Mass., \$4,087,000, 42 months. The contract will not be awarded for about 30 days.

The Navy Department was advised this morning of the death of Rear Admiral James E. Jouett, retired, at Silver Springs, Md., of a complication of diseases. Admiral Jouett had a long and distinguished career in the navy from which he retired in 1900. He was 74 years of age. His widow, who is an invalid, is at Orlando, Florida, with their only son.

Drs. Lung, O'Reilly and Rixey made their usual call upon the President this morning and after leaving stated that his condition was entirely satisfactory.

The time for the reunion of the Fifth Army Corps in connection with the Grand Army encampment to be held in this city next week has been changed by the programme committee from the night of Wednesday, October 8, to the morning of the preceding Tuesday. The work of decorating the city has already been commenced.

King Alfonso.
London, Oct. 1.—A letter received here from a high personage in close touch with the Castilian court says: King Alfonso is engaged in a serious conflict with the Ministry for unconstitutionally refusing to sign a decree which Gen. Weyler, Minister of War, submitted after its approval by a council of ministers. The ministers are becoming most indignant at their monarch's eccentricities. They consider that Alfonso is playing into the hands of the republicans and menacing the security of the Spanish throne. The members of the Grand Order of the Annunciade, representing the Grandees and nobles of Spain, which Alfonso recently tried to dissolve and replace in self glorification by the Order of Alfonso the Thirteenth, respectfully but firmly notified the king that they will withdraw their support if he insists in his erratic behavior. They have agreed among themselves that it may become necessary, in the interests of the preservation of the monarchy, to induce the Cortes to declare Alfonso incapable of ruling and recall Christina to the regency.

Letters are being received daily at the Vatican from America, some supporting and others opposing Archbishop Ireland's views in relation to Catholic affairs in the Philippines. It was announced today that the Pope is displeased with the attitude of the American clergy and is considering whether the time is opportune for calling them to order, Philippine affairs being outside their jurisdiction.

Lord Francis Hope's divorce from May Yoh was made absolute in London today by Justice Jelf.

NEWS OF THE DAY.

The National Salt Company, with a reported deficit of nearly \$300,000, has been forced into the hands of receivers.

Andrew Carnegie, according to his own computation, gives away nearly \$45,000,000 a year. He averages about eight libraries a day, giving an average of \$15,000 to each. Apparently he does not expect a cessation of his daily donations.

The stage coach Pioneer, which makes daily trips between Warwick and Goshen, N. Y., was held up and robbed by three masked horsemen late yesterday afternoon. After the robbery had been completed the robbers spurred up their horses and escaped.

It is announced that 5,124 cases of cholera and 2,740 deaths from that disease were reported in the province of Iloilo, Island of Panay, on Monday. This is the highest record for any district since the outbreak occurred and exceeds the total for Manila and many of the provinces since the commencement of the epidemic.

Tod Sloan, the once great American jockey is a bankrupt. Sloan's books were examined in Paris yesterday before the commissary of police during the inquiry concerning the doings of an American "gang of swindlers," and it developed that Sloan is practically penniless. His recent betting losses are said to aggregate \$110,000.

Members of the original United States Steel Underwriting Syndicate received today another 5 per cent. dividend of \$10,000,000, notices to that effect being sent out by J. P. Morgan & Co., yesterday. This makes a fourth dividend of \$10,000,000, a total profit of \$40,000,000 on an actual outlay of \$25,000,000, a return of 160 per cent.

Lieut. Commander William V. Bronaugh, of the United States Navy, committed suicide at noon yesterday on the battleship Kearsarge, at the Brooklyn Navy Yard by blowing out his brains with a revolver. There is a belief among the friends of Commander Bronaugh that he was very much worried over the manifold duties of his position as executive officer of the ship.

President Roosevelt yesterday conferred with Attorney-General Knox, Postmaster General Payne, Secretary of the Navy Moody and Governor Crane, of Massachusetts, concerning measures to be taken to end the coal strike. The President's legal advisers are said to have told him federal interference is not warranted until the Governor of Pennsylvania request it. Mayor Samuel H. Ashbridge, of Philadelphia, says that in his judgment the strike will be settled before October 9, the date of the Detroit conference. President George F. Baer, of the Philadelphia and Reading Company, said in New York yesterday: "This idea that there is going to be a scarcity of coal the coming winter is simply a scare."

VIRGINIA NEWS.

Mr. Henry Berry. A well-known ex-Confederate soldier, died at his home in Falmouth yesterday of cancer, aged fifty-five years.

Mrs. Margaret Hammerly. widow of John Hammerly, aged eighty-three, died at the residence of her son-in-law, Mr. George W. Dulin, in Leesburg, on Monday.

J. W. and J. E. Mullins, two brothers, who are charged with having feloniously assaulted Misses Corn and Sallie Wallace in Dickinson county, last July have been captured.

An embalming fluid has been found in milk sold in Richmond. A chemical analysis of four milk samples taken from various sections of that city showed that in two formaldehyde was used in small quantities as a preservative.

B. W. Ford and Miss Rosa Ryan were married yesterday at the home of the bride's parents in Richmond. This will put an end to the prosecution against Ford for breach of promise, and the charge against him will be dismissed in the police court today.

Congressman Rixey, democratic candidate for re-election in the Eighth district, will open the campaign in a speech at King George Court House tomorrow. It is expected that his republican opponent, Mr. Skinner, of Fauquier, will also be present.

The case of George P. Holman, charged with an attempted criminal assault upon Corn Lacy, came up for trial in the Hastings Court in Richmond yesterday but was not concluded. The accused is a son of Judge Holman, of Fluvanna, while Miss Lacy is a resident of Richmond. She is weak mentally and physically, and though about twenty years of age possesses the mind and body of a child.

A resolution protesting vigorously against the appointment of a former member of the board of visitors to the chairmanship of the faculty of the University of Virginia was adopted by a good majority at a meeting of the alumni of the institution at the chamber of commerce in Richmond last night. There were about one hundred members present, and among them were many friends of Col. Miles, whose proposed appointment by the board called forth the meeting and the protest.

TO FIGHT IT OUT.

Mr. Park Agnew, chairman of the Virginia State republican committee, was in Washington yesterday and in reference to State politics said: "We will have candidates for Congress in eight of the ten districts in Virginia, and the democrats will find that there is a campaign on. The district in which we will have no candidates are the Fourth and Sixth, and they are hopelessly democratic." The "republican party in Virginia," said Chairman Agnew, "is in better shape today than it has been for a long time. President Roosevelt's Administration has strengthened us, and we are prepared to put up an earnest, aggressive fight against the democrats. There is not much enthusiasm anywhere on the part of the democrats, as they seem to realize that the people are contented to let well enough alone. I am satisfied there will be no change in the political complexion of the next House."

Josh Westhafer, of Loogootee, Ind., is a poor man, but he says he would not be without Chamberlain's Pain Balm, if it cost five dollars a bottle, for it saved him from being a cripple. No external application is equal to this liniment for stiff and swollen joints, contracted muscles, stiff neck, sprains and rheumatic and muscular pains. It has also cured numerous cases of partial paralysis. It is for sale by Richard Gibson.

TELEGRAPHIC NEWS.

The Strike Situation.

New York, Oct. 1.—Rumors of a settlement of the anthracite coal strike are rife again today. One story, emanating from Wall street, had it that a settlement would be effected early next week. This story is not given credence, however, as it is believed that plans involving concessions on both sides must be discussed further before the strikers are ordered to return to work.

The frequent conferences this week—the cabinet on in Washington, the Mitchell conference in Philadelphia and the coal road presidents, meeting here have led to all manner of stories with none authenticated.

President Baer of the Reading Railroad, who is looked upon as spokesman for the other operators, still maintains that no concessions will be made. That pressure is being brought to bear on the operators is evident. The same pressure that is being brought against the operators is being exerted in a lesser degree on John Mitchell, leader of the strikers.

President Mitchell is expected in New York. The purpose of his visit is carefully guarded, but another conference is looked for.

Hazletton, Pa., Oct. 1.—The Drifton No. 2 colliery, operated by Cox & Co., one of the largest in the Lehigh region, started this morning with a large force of workmen. Coal will be shipped tonight. One hundred and fifty special police arrived last night and are guarding the works, but there has been no trouble. Strikers seem to think the end of the strike is in sight.

Mount Carmel, Pa., Oct. 1.—While drawing a train load of supplies into the soldiers' encampment here last night engineer P. P. Hoffman narrowly escaped being killed by a crowd of unknown men who threw a shower of rocks at the locomotive. The mob ran to the engine to capture Hoffman, but the timely arrival of a detail of soldiers saved him. The situation is very critical here.

Wilkesbarre, Pa., Oct. 1.—An expectant air pervades strike headquarters this morning and President Mitchell is, if anything, more silent than any time since the strike began.

Shenandoah, Pa., Oct. 1.—Warrants for the arrest of two hundred men charged by the Lehigh Valley coal company with participating in the Centralia riots last week, were served by Sheriff Knorr of Columbia county at that place last night. Important meetings of all advisory boards in the valley are scheduled for tomorrow.

Tamaqua, Pa., Oct. 1.—Panther Creek Valley people pin little faith to the repeated strike settlement reports. One prominent leader said this morning that the strike will continue until one prominent leader or the other is compelled to throw up their hands and admit defeat. Troops were again out on patrol duty this morning, but no disturbances were reported.

New York Democrats.

Saratoga, N. Y., Oct. 1.—"There has been no ticket selected and this convention will be free and untrammelled to name its own candidate," said Senator Hill this morning. If the tip which is on every one's lips this morning, is true, and all believe it is, Coler is the man for governor. Judge Parker's declaration was Coler's opportunity and state leaders turned to the Brooklyn man as the next logical choice. Senator Hill said to his conferees yesterday afternoon that Judge Parker's desires must be respected and the word was quickly noted about that Coler was "in," with Judge Bulger, of Oswego, for Lieutenant-Governor and John Cullen of Buffalo, for Attorney General. The other candidates for Governor are completely out of sight this morning. The complacent feeling for Coler is giving way in spots this morning to bitterness. Nathan Straus, of New York, has told friends that he will denounce Coler from the floor of the convention and name another man.

The excitement before the convention opened was intense. Clubs paraded the streets, and everywhere was life and color and cheer. The convention was called to order at 11:27 by Chairman Stanchfield. Senator Hill came in at 11:25 and for full five minutes the delegates stamped, cheered, howled, and made every kind of conceivable noise. The report of the committee on credentials was read. The convention was thrown in an uproar when both contestants in the Ninth district were thrown out of the convention. Devery rose from his seat and dashed through the crowd for the platform. Devery was greeted with wild applause and protested against being denied his right. The convention broke loose again when the big chief concluded and for minutes there was nothing but yells, hurrahs and hisses, whistle and cries. Chairman Stanchfield pounded vigorously on the desk though but little attention was paid him.

A Deveryite then demanded that the minority report be read which was done. The report declared for Devery and there was more confusion and noise. The roll call being demanded, the majority report was adopted by vote of 422 to 21. When the result was announced Devery, followed by his friends, left the convention hall. There was only a murmur of many voices. The report of the committee on organization was then read. It declared for Martin W. Littleton, for permanent chairman; and John A. Mason for Secretary. The convention then adopted the report and Chairman Littleton was escorted to the platform and addressed the convention. He exhorted President Roosevelt for his insincerity concerning trusts, and portrayed the evils of the trust and tariff system, and said that the present distress incident to the miners' strike has been indirectly superinduced by pernicious republican legislation.

George Raines, of the committee on resolutions, read the platform. It declared for a furtherance of Jeffersonian principles. A bitter arraignment is made of the trusts, which are charged with destroying competition, ignoring producer and consumer and lessening the wages of the workers. Especially are the coal and beef trusts arraigned. The platform insists that the only remedy is stringent legislation against monopolies and the placing on the free list the necessities of life. Belief is expressed in the honorable acquisition of territory which can become States and have their functions. Condemnation is expressed of the administration's policy in the Philippines, which is declared vacillating and uncertain. The Filipinos can never become citizens of the United States, as they could never be in harmony with our form of government. The platform

declares for the public ownership of the anthracite coal mines and the operating of them, the mines to be taken on the ground of eminent domain. After the platform had been adopted, nominations were taken up. When Kings county was reached, former Bridge Commissioner John Shea was recognized and placed the name of Bird S. Coler, of Brooklyn, in nomination. The roll call was proceeded with until New York was reached, when Congressman Sulzer arose to second the nomination.

Others seconded the nomination. Alderman Wafer, of Kings county, arose to protest against the nomination of Coler. There was much confusion as Wafer's protest was out of order.

The roll was then called but there were no further nominations. The chairman declared Bird S. Coler nominated for governor by a vote of 442 votes to 6 votes for Cantor.

Charles N. Bulger, of Oswego county, was nominated for Lieutenant Governor without opposition.

Frank H. Mott, of Jamestown, for Secretary of State was nominated unanimously.

Charles M. Preston, of Ulster, was nominated for controller.

FOREIGN NEWS.

The grant of the annual subsidy of \$750,000 to the Cunard steamship line by the British government in order to keep that concern out of the Morgan Ocean Combine, is certain to produce a warm debate at the meeting of Parliament on Monday. Sir Michael Hicks Beach, in a speech at Bristol, last Monday, spoke against subsidies, and it is thought now that his attitude on this question was responsible for his leaving the cabinet. It is generally known that an influential party irrespective of politics, is opposed to the grant.

The London Star, James Gazette today states that Morgan is trying to get control of an English railway company having a good western port. The London & Northwestern Company is not willing to sell control, so Morgan, according to the Gazette is now negotiating for another road. Morgan, the paper says, is willing to shift the terminus of the Atlantic Ship Combine from Liverpool for which he is negotiating will give special rates.

The Paris Petit Journal in an article on Emile Zola's death, says the novelist was breathing when found by servants, but they were compelled to go to houses of 22 doctors before they found one in. Meanwhile Zola expired. In deference to the wishes of Mme. Zola, the body of the famous writer will not be publicly exposed. The esteem in which the novelist was held is indicated in the innumerable contributions of wreaths and flowers that are arriving from all over France. A ministerial council this morning decided not to give national obsequies at the funeral of Emile Zola. M. Chaumi will, however, represent the government at the funeral and will make a speech of eulogy.

The German Reichstag tariff committee today by a great majority adopted the following amendments to the duties on breadstuffs: As a minimum tariff on wheat, six marks; rye, barley and oats, 5½ marks per hundred kilograms.

The Birmingham Post says the Government has resolved to lay moorings for no fewer than thirty war ships at Gibraltar. The vessels will be taken from the Mediterranean and Channel squadrons to be held in reserve.

A stiff engagement has occurred between Turkish troops and two insurgent chiefs in Albania. The Albanians destroyed the railway between Uskub and Mitrovitz. After a lengthy fight the Albanian chiefs were routed.

Prince Chun, the emperor's brother, has married the daughter of Yung Lu, a high and titled Chinese official. Government officials deny that the marriage is intended to provide an heir for the throne.

King Edward won the Hopeful stakes of two hundred sovereigns at Newmarket with his horse Mead today. Ayreshire Beauty, owned by William C. Whitney and ridden by Danny Maher, finished third.

Lord Salisbury, late premier of England, left Lucerne last evening for Bauls, France, where he has an estate. It is believed his lordship has entirely recovered from his recent indisposition.

Municipal elections held in Mannheim, Germany, yesterday resulted in a sweeping socialist victory. Twenty socialist aldermen were elected by enormous majorities.

NEW TRIAL FOR WILCOX.

James Wilcox, the alleged murderer of Nell Crosby, who was convicted at Elizabeth City last spring, will have a new trial, a decision to that effect having been handed down in the North Carolina supreme court yesterday. The grounds of a new trial are the demonstrations of lawlessness and intimidations which characterized the closing stages of the case in the lower tribunal. The court, in rendering its decision, says: "No persons ought to be taken or seized of his liberties or privileges or outlawed or in any manner deprived of his life, liberty, or property but by the law of the land, and the provision of our State constitution applies as well to procedure and manner of trial in our courts of justice as it does to the great principles of the law which underlie our society. In this case the prisoner was arraigned on an indictment for murder and convicted of that crime in the first degree. The evidence was entirely circumstantial, and while that character of evidence may, in its very nature, produce a high degree of moral certainty into its application, yet it is never to be forgotten that it requires the greatest degree of caution and vigilance. In rendering the record in this case it hardly seems possible that the jury could have given that cautious and vigilant attention to the evidence which the law requires of them, or to the presentation of the prisoner's case to them by his counsel that thought which the importance of the case demanded. In their immediate presence 100 people, with deliberate purpose to prejudice the rights of the prisoner, committed a great wrong against the Commonwealth and a contempt of the court. On the outside of the courthouse a great impropriety took place for the purpose of prejudicing the prisoner with the jury. The disorderly proceedings assumed such proportions as to warrant this court in declaring that the trial was not conducted in accordance with the law of the land. The propriety of our ruling is strengthened by the circumstances that contempt proceedings were not commenced against those offending and that no motion was made to set the

verdict aside, and for a new trial after such unheard of demonstrations."

Miss Mabel Allen aged 24, daughter of Francis B. Allen, of Hartford Conn., was frightfully burned at her home last night, receiving injuries from which she died this morning. Miss Allen was seated at a reading table with her mother, when a paper shade on the lamp caught fire. In the excitement Mrs. Allen, who attempted to raise the window, fell out dislocating her shoulder.

The Market.

Georgetown, Oct. 1.—Wheat 65¢72.

BRAIN-FOOD NONSENSE.

Another ridiculous food fad? It has been branded by the most competent authorities. They have dispelled the silly notion that one kind of food is needed for brain, another for muscles, and still another for bones. A correct diet will not only nourish a particular part of the body, but it will sustain every other part. Yet, however good your food may be, its nutriment is destroyed by indigestion or dyspepsia. You must prepare for their appearance or prevent their coming by taking regular doses of Green's August Flower, the favorite medicine of the healthy millions. A few doses aid digestion, stimulates the liver to healthy action, purifies the blood, and makes you feel buoyant and vigorous. You can get this reliable remedy at E. S. Leadbeater & Sons Alexandria, Va. Get Green's Special Almanac.

Take Care of the Stomach.

The man or woman whose digestion is perfect and whose stomach performs its every function is never sick. Kodol cleanses, purifies and sweetens the stomach and cures troubles, indigestion and permanently all stomach troubles, indigestion and dyspepsia. It is the wonderful constructive tonic that is making so many sick people well and weak people strong by conveying to their bodies all of the nutriment in the food they eat. J. H. Holladay, of Holladay, Miss. writes: "Kodol has cured me. I consider it the best remedy I ever used for dyspepsia and stomach troubles. I was given up by physicians. Kodol saved my life. Take it after meals. For sale by E. S. Leadbeater & Sons."

OFFICIAL.

BOARD OF ALDERMEN.

At a called meeting of the Board of Aldermen of the city of Alexandria, Va., held September 30, 1902, there were present: Messrs. Burke, Marlbury, Clark, Curtin and W. H. Sweeney.

In the absence of the President Mr. Curtin was elected President pro tem.

A communication from George L. Simpson, Mayor, giving his reasons for calling the meeting was received.

Mr. Clark offered a resolution, which was directed to the Committee on Streets, directing the Committee on Streets, in connection with the City Engineer, to use the cobble stones removed from King street and now piled on a vacant lot on Alfred street, between Queen and B streets, in filling certain unsightly places on said street.

The following were received from the Common Council and their action concurred in: Report of the Committee on General Laws and Streets on the petition for granting permission to the Washington, Alexandria and Mount Vernon Railway Company to place a double track on King street from Washington street to corporation limits.

Report of the Committee on Streets on the petition of Cuvillier & Co. for permission to use a horse roller in the work of repaving King street.

Report of the Committee on Streets on a communication of E. E. Downham in regard to sewer tax.

Petition of C. H. Zimmerman for permission to use incandescent lights at his place of business for decorative purposes.

Resolution appropriating \$200 to repave a portion of South Lee street.

Ordinance granting permission to citizens of Alexandria to use incandescent lights.

The report of the Committee on Streets on the petition of the Ravensworth Club for the laying of a sewer in the alley adjoining their club house on Washington street was laid over for want of a constitutional majority to concur in the action of the Common Council.

The Board then adjourned.

J. B. N. CURTIN, President pro tem.
Teste: LUTHER H. THOMPSON, Clerk.

COMMON COUNCIL.

At a called meeting of the Common Council of the city of Alexandria, Va., held September 30, 1902, there were present: F. J. Paff, ex-officio, President, and Messrs. Burke, Sweeney, Fisher, Bander, Brann, Usher and Leadbeater.

A communication from the Mayor conveying the report of the transaction of business was received.

The joint Committee on Streets and General Laws returned the papers relating to the double track of King street, from Washington street west, and reported as follows:

Your Committee recommended that the within ordinance be passed in its present shape, it is the opinion of your Committee that should the right be given to the Washington, Alexandria and Mount Vernon Railway Company to abandon the use of and remove their tracks on Columbus, Cameron and Payne streets, and to lay a double track on King street from Washington street to the corporation limits, that the Washington, Alexandria and Mount Vernon Railway Company should also give with the track, brick on six inch concrete base, from curb to curb, and to the building line at the intersecting streets, all that portion of King street which they lay a double track on, and that any ordinance granting them this right should embody in it the protection of the contractors who now have a contract to pave King street, from Royal street to Fayette street, that it should provide for the repair and maintenance of the space on Columbus street, Cameron street and Payne street now occupied by their tracks for a fixed period after the tracks are removed, that it should also provide a reasonable time limit for paving west of Fayette street, and such other minor clauses for the protection of the city's interest as may be deemed necessary by your Committee.

So much of the report as refers to the Washington, Alexandria and Mount Vernon Railway Company was adopted, and so much as refers to a new ordinance granting certain privileges and restrictions, were recommended to the joint Committee on Streets and General Laws.

Mr. Bryan gave notice that he would introduce an amendment at the proper time requiring the Washington, Alexandria and Mount Vernon Railway Company to pay \$1,000 per annum for the use of King street.

Upon the petition of Messrs. Cuvillier & Co., contractors on street work, the Committee on Streets reported in favor of allowing these contractors to use a horse-roller under certain conditions.

The report was adopted: Ayes 8, noes 1.

Upon the petition of E. E. Downham for an adjustment of sewer tax the Committee on Streets reported that the same had been paid in full payment for all taxes connected with the sewer, and the recommendation was adopted: Ayes 9, noes 0.

A resolution appropriating \$200 to repair Pitt street for a square south of Boy's street, was referred to the Committee on Streets.

Permission was granted Mr. Chas. Zimmerman to use incandescent electrical lights at his place of business for decorative purposes, he agreeing to consume the same amount of gas.

Mr. Brill presented the following: Be it ordained by the City Council of Alexandria, Va., that it shall be lawful for the Committee on Light to grant permission to the citizens of Alexandria to use incandescent electric lights, provided such permission does not in any way interfere with the regulations of the Gas Works. The ordinance was referred to the committee on Light.

A resolution instructing the Committee on Streets to use the old cobblestones in filling holes on streets, was referred to the Board of Aldermen and referred to the Committee on Streets.

The board then adjourned.

FRED J. PAFF, President.
Teste: DANIEL R. STANSBURY, Clerk.

AN ORDINANCE to provide for the construction of a sewer on Queen street from Pitt street to Columbus street, and on Washington street from Queen street to Princess street, and for the assessment of a portion of the costs thereof against the property benefiting on said streets, in accordance with the city charter and the general law providing for local assessments in cities and towns.

Section 1. Be it ordained by the City Council of Alexandria, That the Committee on Streets is hereby authorized and directed to have constructed on Queen street from Pitt street to Columbus street, and on Washington street from Queen street to Princess street, a good and substantial sewer with all necessary catch basins, man-holes and other appurtenances. And the said Committee on Streets shall advertise for ten days in some newspaper or newspapers published in the city of Alexandria, and in any other newspapers or publications, should they deem it necessary, for proposals for furnishing materials, and doing said work, and they shall require any person, firm or corporation, contracting to furnish materials and to do said work, to give bond with surety or sureties to be approved by a majority of the Finance Committee, conditioned for the faithful performance of said contract.

Section 2. Be it further ordained, That, after the completion of said sewer, an assessing board shall be levied upon the property benefiting on said streets, as described in this ordinance, as follows, viz: A sum not to exceed two-thirds of the total costs of said sewer, catch basins, man-holes and other appurtenances, to be levied on the real estate fronting on said streets as above described and to be paid by the owners of said real estate, after the City Engineer shall have ascertained the total cost of said work, and shall have assessed against each parcel of real estate fronting on said streets as above described its proportionate part thereof according to the peculiar benefits resulting therefrom. The balance of the costs thereof to be paid from the treasury of the city.

Section 3. Be it further ordained, That as said work, and doing said work, the Auditor is authorized to draw warrants from time to time upon the Treasurer of the City to an amount not to exceed the sum of twenty-eight hundred dollars to be used in the construction of said sewer, and a sum of money sufficient for such purposes, not to exceed twenty-eight hundred dollars, is hereby appropriated.

Section 4. This ordinance shall be in force from its passage.

Passed the Common Council Sept. 5, 1902.
FRED J. PAFF, President.
Passed the Board of Aldermen, Sept. 5, 1902.
J. T. SWEENEY, President.
Approved Sept. 18, 1902.
GEO. L. SIMPSON, Mayor.
Teste: DANIEL R. STANSBURY, Clerk C. C.

How's This?

We offer One Hundred Dollars Reward for any cure of Catarrh that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure.

F. J. CHENY & CO., Props., Toledo, O. We, the undersigned, have known F. J. Cheny for the last 15 years, and believe him perfectly honorable in all business transactions and financially able to carry out any obligations made by their firm.

WALDING, KINKAN & MARVIN, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, O.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the system, and cures all surfaces of the system. Price 75c. per bottle. Sold by all druggists. Testimonials free.

Hall's Family Pills are the best.

Monetary and Commercial.

New York, Oct. 1.—The stock market this morning was very feverish but there were substantial recoveries shortly after the opening. The general speculative temper is bullish, barring unexpected unfavorable developments in the monetary situation.

WHOLESALE PRICES IN ALEXANDRIA.

Fultz	070	072
Damp and tough	065	070
Corn, white	066	068
Yellow	065	067
Corn Meal	065	067
Rye	056	060
Oats, mixed, new	045	049
White, new	043	044
Elgin Print Butter	023	024
Butter, Virginia, packed	016	018
Choice Virginia	018	022
Common to middling	014	015
Eggs	022	024
Live Chickens (hens)	011	012
Spring do	013	014
Winter do	010	011
Sweet Potatoes, yams, lbl.	150	200
Yellow, lbl.	200	250
Onions, per bushel	090	100
Dried cherries	013	014
Apple, canned, sealed	010	012
Dried Peaches	006	011
Bacon, country hams	013	014
Best sugar-cured hams	013	014
Butchers' hams	013	014
Sugar-cured hams	013	014
Sugar-cured shoulders	011	011
Bulk shoulders	0103	0103
Dry Salt sides	012	012
Wet backs, salted	012	012
Bellies	0121	0121
Smoked shoulders	013	0131
Smoked sides	0121	0121
Veal Calves	06	06
Lamb	011	011
Lard	0111	012
Smoked Beef	014	014
Sugars—Brown	394	400
Oil A	041	041
Coffee—Arabia	485	485
Granulated	465	485
Coffees—Ric	081	012
LaGuayra	014	016
Java	016	025
Molasses	09	011
C. B.	017	022
New Orleans	020	045
Sugar Syrups	016	028
Fat, lard	016	018
Salt—G. A.	053	069
Fine	075	110
Turk's Island	100	100
Wool—long, unwashed	019	021
Washed	02	02
Merino, unwashed	017	019
Do, washed	022	024
Herring, Eastern per bbl.	425	600
Potatoes No 1	375	450
Do, No 2	360	414
Do, half barrel	300	350
Potatoes small	900	1000
Mackerel, shad, per bbl.	1250	1300
Do, No. 2	1600	1700
Plaster, ground, per ton	450	500
Ground in bags	500	500
Clamp	350	375
Chum	200	600
Timothy	225	240
Hay	1400	1600
Out do	1300	1500
On process—Seed Meal	3100	3200
Cottonseed Meal	1200	1300
Hulls	500	700
Concentrated Mixed Feed	1250	1500